



Israeli Genocide in Gaza
Documentary Report (No. 23)
on the Israeli Aggression on Gaza
Covers the period from 19th to 22nd January 2024

Introduction

The Israeli bombardment of the Gaza Strip has turned a large part of the besieged Palestinian enclave into a pile of rubble, with people in desperate need of water, fuel and life-saving necessities, amid a total blockade of the enclave. Thousands of buildings, including hospitals, mosques and churches, have also been damaged or destroyed in Israel's relentless air and ground attacks on the besieged enclave.

ننفي

This report, available in English and Arabic, provides daily facts and statistics about Israeli massacres in the Gaza Strip in the period between January 19 - 22, 2024.

It also sheds light on the political and humanitarian aftermaths along with the human loss and material damage inflicted on the besieged enclave as a result of the unabated strikes and Israeli siege, impeding Gazans' access to humanitarian assistance

1. Daily Scenes:



Friday / 19 January 2024

As of the early evening hours, 142 victims and 278 injured people have been received at Gaza hospitals following 12 Israeli massacres reported in less than 24 hours. The Palestinian foreign ministry accused Israel of committing 15 “massacres” killing 172 people in 24 hours under the cover of a communications blackout in Gaza.

Israeli artilleries have hit the vicinities of Al-Amal Hospital, run by the Red Crescent in Khan Younis.

Injuries have been reported after Israeli drones targeted civilians in Al-Amal Hospital and the Red Crescent office.

Israeli tanks have cordoned off three schools in Absan Al-Kbira, where over 4,000 civilians have sought shelter, denying them access to food and water. Five people were killed by an Israeli air attack on a residential building west of Khan Younis in southern Gaza overnight. An Israeli air strike on an apartment block near Al-Shifa Hospital in Gaza City has killed 12 people and injured several more. A near-total communications blackout in Gaza has entered its seventh day on Friday.

Israeli soldiers shot dead a Palestinian child in Al-Mazraa Al-Sharqiya, in the central occupied West Bank city of Ramallah, bringing the West Bank’s death toll since Oct. 7 to 369 and the injured to 4,000.

An Israeli siege of Tulkarem in the occupied West Bank has stretched for at least 40 hours, with forces claiming that they are attempting to root out fighters in the city.

Saturday / 20 January 2024

Over 180 deaths and 350 injuries have been reported as of Saturday evening. The Gaza-based Palestinian Health Ministry has reported 14 Israeli massacres across the besieged enclave. The death toll since Oct. 7 has reached 24,927 and the injured 62,388.

Israeli artilleries targeted the vicinities of Al-Amal Hospital, in Khan Younis, and the European Hospital, in Gaza city. Increasing settler violence has been reported across the occupied West Bank, where Israeli settlers escorted by soldiers continue to vandalize Palestinian property.



Sunday / 21 January 2024

There has been an increase in Israeli onslaughts across the Gaza Strip. On Sunday evening, at least 210 people have been pronounced dead and 350 injured. The Gaza Health Ministry has accused the Israeli army of committing 15 massacres across the besieged enclave. Israeli army troops have prevented ambulances from transferring injured people to hospitals for urgent treatment.

Intense fighting in/around Khan Yunis over the last 3 days is causing loss of lives and damage to civilian infrastructure, including UNRWA's largest shelter in the southern area, the Khan Yunis Training Centre.

Israeli warplanes bombed the Al-Manara and the Al-Amal neighborhoods in Khan Yunis. Gunboats hit the coast of Deir Al-Balah, in central Gaza Strip. Israeli artilleries fired mortars on Jabalia, to the north.

Violent shelling has been reported in the vicinity of Al-Amal Hospital in the city of Khan Yunis, south of the Gaza Strip. An Israeli drone also targeted the European Hospital.

Israeli tanks fired incendiary shells towards a plastic factory located in the Qaa Al-Qurain area, in Khan Yunis, resulting in wildfires and heavy material damage.



Monday / 22 January 2024



Monday's death toll has surpassed 250 following 20 massacres perpetrated by the Israeli military. The refugee camps of Al-Nuseirat, in central Gaza Strip, and Jabalia, to the north, have come under heavy shelling.

Israeli drones targeted civilians gathering near the entrance of Al-Amal Hospital, in Khan Yunis. Israeli soldiers raided the Al-Kheir Hospital, west of Khan Yunis, and detained medics and paramedics.

Israeli warplanes struck six shelters where tens of thousands of displaced people have been hiding. Deaths and injuries have been reported after Israeli forces targeted makeshift tents for the displaced west of Khan Yunis.



Israeli tanks have cordoned off the Abdul Karim Al-Karmi School, in Absan Al-Kabira, in Khan Yunis. Members of a Palestinian family were killed after the occupation forces trampled on a tin residential room. The occupation army also bulldozed at least 40 homes west of Khan Yunis.

Israeli soldiers shot dead a Palestinian child in Arraba town, south of the occupied West Bank city of Jenin.

2. Political and Humanitarian Repercussions



The UN has warned the availability of water for drinking and domestic use in Gaza is shrinking each day. OCHA said the municipal wells are currently at just a tenth of their production capacity prior to the escalation of hostilities -- just over 21,000 cubic meters a day now, down from 255,000 cubic meters a day.

Furthermore, water availability through the short-term desalination plants is currently at just 7 percent of the pre-crisis capacity. Due to import restrictions on critical items, water testing kits and chlorine to treat the water across Gaza are unavailable.

The accumulation of solid and fecal waste, which has been worsened by rains and floods, is also giving rise to severe health and environmental threats. The World Health Organization is already reporting 152,000 cases of diarrhea -- more than half among children under the age of 5 -- and the inability to do water chlorination to kill bacteria is aggravating the already concerning situation.



More than a half-million Palestinians in Gaza are coping with catastrophic levels of hunger, and nearly 400,000 are on the brink of famine. UNICEF has already warned that Palestinian children are at high risk of dying from malnutrition and disease and urgently need medical treatment, clean water and sanitation services. But the conditions on the ground make it impossible for humanitarians to safely reach them.

Hunger also puts people, especially children, at risk of dying from diseases, including watery diarrhea, which has climbed among children under the age of 5. UN humanitarian chief Martin Griffiths has highlighted the mounting death toll and humanitarian catastrophe in Gaza, including the killing of two mothers every hour by Israeli forces.

“Hospitals overcrowded, besieged and under fire. Homes reduced to rubble. Places of safety turned into places of danger,” he wrote in a social media post. Jagan Chapagain, the secretary general of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, said the shelling “increases the risks to the lives of staff & volunteers” of the Red Crescent who work from the hospital. “I repeat my call to ensure protection of civilians, humanitarian aid workers, ambulances, and health facilities,” he added. The administration of US President Joe Biden has said it is “devastated” by the killing of 17-year-old Palestinian-American teen Tawfiq Ajaq in the occupied West Bank.

According to his family, Ajaq - who was born and raised in the US state of Louisiana - was killed after Israeli forces and settlers shot live ammunition towards his car in the village Al-Mazra'a Al-Sharqiya. "We have called for an urgent investigation to determine the circumstance of his death and accountability be met as appropriate as well," US Department of State spokesperson Vedant Patel told reporters.



3. Human Loss and Material Damage

As escalating violence in Gaza continues for a fourth month, Gaza has descended into one of the world's most severe humanitarian and health crises. Over 25,295 people have been killed, of which 70% have been women (nearly 7,520) and children (nearly 11,000). Over 61,830 people have sustained injuries and nearly 7,000 have been missing under rubble piles.

Israeli army committed more than 2,119 massacres across the Gaza Strip. The list of victims includes 337 medics and paramedics, 45 civil defense members, and 119 journalists. Nearly 2 million people have become internally displaced.

More than 30 hospitals and 53 health centres on the Strip have been out of service. Over 150 healthcare facilities have been targeted by Israeli military. Israeli forces also targeted and destroyed 122 ambulances.



Disrupted routine vaccination activities, as well as a lack of medicines for treating communicable diseases, are further raising the risk of diseases spreading. Many people who lack access to health facilities may be going undiagnosed, indicating that the situation could be more severe than it appears. Routine surveillance systems are not currently functioning, hampering effective detection, analysis, and response to public health threats.

UNRWA said that as of 22 January, up to 1.7 million people (over 75 per cent of the population) have been displaced across the Gaza Strip, some multiple times. Families are forced to move repeatedly in search of safety. Following intense Israeli bombardments and fighting in Khan Younis and the Middle Areas in recent days, a significant number of displaced people have moved again further south. Israeli air and ground onslaughts totally destroyed 140 government facilities along with 99 schools and universities while partially damaging 295 schools and universities. 161 mosques and three churches were razed to the

ground while 253 others sustained massive damage. Nearly 70,000 housing units have been completely razed to the ground; 295,000 units have been partially damaged and made uninhabitable. Israeli attacks destroyed 200 historical sites.

At least 370 Palestinians have been killed in Israeli military raids across the West Bank since Oct. 7. Up to 4,212 people have been wounded and 5,840 arrested.

Israeli army incursions have led to the displacement of 2,762 Palestinians from their homes and the demolition of 481 structures.

Material Losses

Destroyed residential Units

70000

Completely Destroyed
295,000 units have been
partially damaged

Mosques

161

Churches

3

Completely Destroyed

Medical Sector

30

Hospitals
out of Services

53

Health Center
out of Services

122

Ambulance
out of Services

government offices

140

Educational Facilities

99

مركز العودة الفلسطيني
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