



Israeli Genocide in Gaza
Documentary Report (No. 24)
on the Israeli Aggression on Gaza
Covers the period from 23rd to 30th January 2024

Introduction

The Israeli bombardment of the Gaza Strip has turned a large part of the besieged Palestinian enclave into a pile of rubble, with people in desperate need of water, fuel and life-saving necessities, amid a total blockade of the enclave. Thousands of buildings, including hospitals, mosques and churches, have also been damaged or destroyed in Israel's relentless air and ground attacks on the besieged enclave.

This report, available in English and Arabic, provides daily facts and statistics about Israeli massacres in the Gaza Strip in the period between January 23 - 30, 2024.

It also sheds light on the political and humanitarian aftermaths along with the human loss and material damage inflicted on the besieged enclave as a result of the unabated strikes and Israeli siege, impeding Gazans' access to humanitarian assistance.

1. Daily Scenes:

Tuesday -23 Jan. 2024



More than 230 people have been pronounced dead and 500 others injured as Israeli army continues to uncontrollably pummel the blockaded Gaza Strip with tank and missile strikes. As of Tuesday morning, medics at the Gaza Health Ministry have received 195 dead bodies and 354 injured people, following 22 Israeli massacres committed in less than 24 hours. The death toll of Palestinians killed since Oct. 7 has risen to 25,490 and the injured to 63,354.

Nasser Hospital has come under fire as Israeli forces push to encircle Khan Younis, creating brutal conditions for medical workers and threatening to knock out one of Gaza's few remaining functional hospitals.

Medical sources said that Israeli strikes have killed at least 40 people in Khan Younis since the start of the day. The medical group Doctors Without Borders (Medecins Sans Frontieres, or MSF) says that several blocks in Khan Younis, including those where Nasser Hospital is located, have received orders to evacuate.

"MSF staff members can hear bombs and heavy gunfire close to Nasser," the group said in a social media post on Tuesday. "They are currently unable to evacuate along with the thousands of people in the hospital, including 850 patients, due to roads to and from the building being either inaccessible or too dangerous."

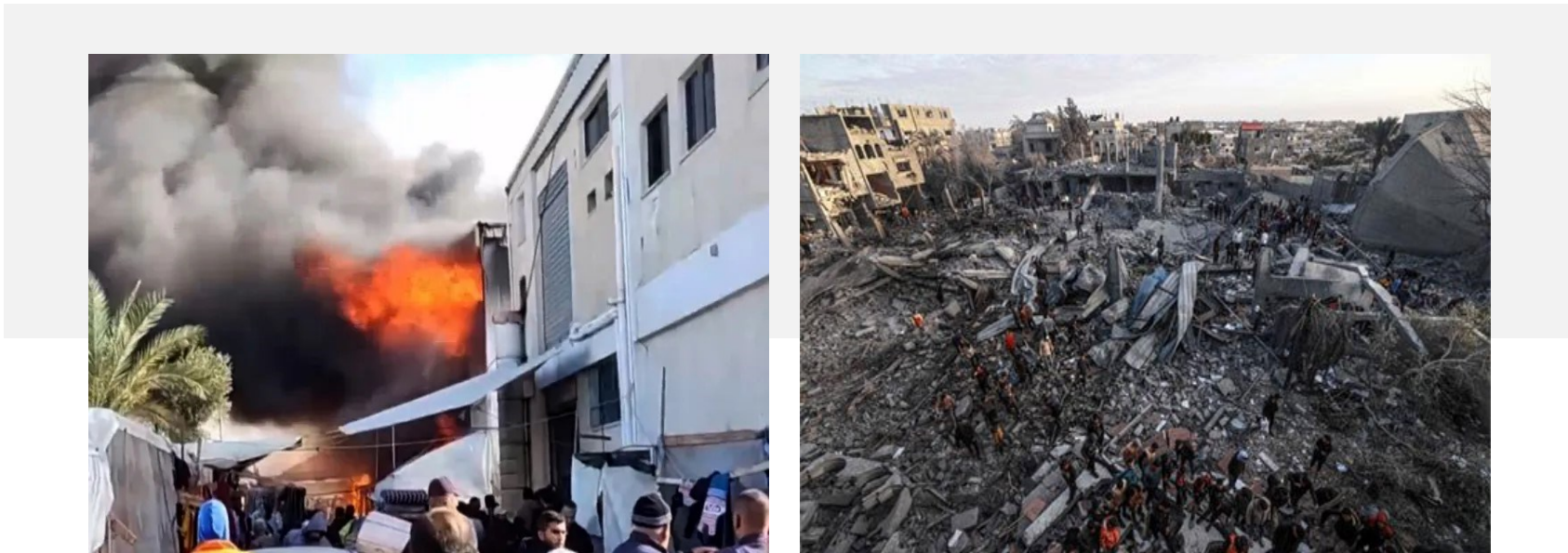
Israeli forces fatally shot a Palestinian man in Tulkarem city, in the northern occupied West Bank, bringing the West Bank's death toll since Oct. 7 to 371..

Wednesday -24 Jan. 2024

As of Wednesday morning, the Gaza-based Health Ministry announced the death of 210 people in Israeli strikes across the Strip.

Israeli army committed more than 24 massacres against civilians, bringing the death toll on the 110th day of the war to 25,700.

Israeli tank shells hit a UNRWA vocational training centre housing thousands of displaced people west of Khan Younis city, killing 14 people and injuring dozens more. The number of dead will likely climb. A shelter in Khan Younis was struck by Israeli tank shells, killing at least nine people and injuring 75, with the casualty count expected to get higher. The Palestine Red Crescent Society said that Al-Amal Hospital is struggling to function under a “blockade” by Israeli forces.



Thursday -25 Jan. 2024



The Health Ministry announced the death of 200 people as of Thursday evening due to 21 massacres committed by the Israeli army. The death toll has climbed to 25,900 and the injured to 46,110. Israeli air and ground attacks on Khan Younis and Rafah cities, in southern Gaza Strip, have claimed the lives of dozens of displaced people and left hundreds injured.

Israeli soldiers shot and killed a Palestinian young man in Beir Al-Basha village, south of the occupied West Bank city of Jenin.

Friday -26 Jan. 2024



As of Friday morning, medics at Gaza hospitals have received the bodies of 183 victims and 377 injured people following 19 Israeli massacres reported across the enclave.

The death toll since Oct. 7 has reached 26,083 and the injured 64,487. On the 112th day of the Israeli genocide, no place has been safe any longer in the Gaza Strip.

Israeli artilleries hit makeshift tents for the displaced west of Rafah city, south of Gaza Strip, and civilian homes west of Khan Younis city.

Saturday -27 Jan. 2024

The Gaza-based Palestinian Health Ministry said 174 people have been reported killed and 310 injured until the early morning hours, following 18 Israeli massacres. So far, the Israeli onslaught has claimed the lives of 26,257 people and left another 64,797 injured.

Israeli artilleries have targeted the western hall of Nasser Hospital, in Khan Younis. A displaced person sheltered in Al-Amal Hospital was also killed. Israeli tank shells struck the Industrial Training Centre, housing thousands of displaced people, west of Khan Younis.

A Palestinian man succumbed to wounds he sustained one week earlier following an Israeli military incursion in the occupied West Bank city of Jenin.

The death toll of Palestinians killed in the West Bank since Oct. 7 has hit 373 and the number of the injured 4,250.



Sunday -28 Jan. 2024



PRC has received reports about the death of at least 220 people as Israeli air and ground attacks have gone unabated. 19 Israeli massacres have been reported late afternoon. The number of casualties since Oct. 7 has climbed to 26,422 and the injured to 65,987. The refugee camps of Al-Shati, Jabalia, and Al-Nuseirat has come under heavy shelling. Thousands of displaced people have remained trapped at the Haroun Al-Rashid School, in Al-Amal neighborhood, west of Khan Younis, in southern Gaza Strip, as Israeli army troops have tightened the noose around the area.

The Health Ministry has warned that mounds of medical and non-medical waste have been piled up inside and outside of the Nasser Medical Complex and could not be removed due to the siege slapped by the Israeli military around the facility.

Monday -29 Jan. 2024

Israeli strikes have killed 250 people and wounded more than 400, including dozens critically. As of Monday evening, the Health Ministry said 215 victims and 300 injured people have been received at medical facilities following 14 Israeli massacres. The Al-Amal Hospital, run by the Palestinian Red Crescent, has been under an Israeli siege, denying medics and displaced people access out of and into the facility. Israeli drones hit the Al-Awda Hospital, in Jabalia refugee camp, in northern Gaza Strip. An Israeli aggression on a shelter in Al-Rimel, in Beit Hanoun, north of Gaza Strip, has left 13 people dead. The number of casualties is expected to climb higher.

Six Palestinians were shot and killed by Israeli army gunfire in the occupied West Bank cities of Al-Khalil, Beit Lahem, Jenin, and Ramallah and Al-Bireh.

Tuesday -30 Jan. 2024

At least 180 people have been killed and 350 injured in Israeli onslaughts on the enclave. The Health Ministry said 13 Israeli massacres have been reported in less than 24 hours. Wildfires broke out at tents set up for the displaced at a building run by the Red Crescent following heavy Israeli bombing. Dozens of homes have been razed to the ground and blown up in relentless Israeli strikes west of Khan Younis, in southern Gaza Strip. Israeli warplanes targeted a residential tower in Beit Lahiya, north of the enclave, resulting in casualties and heavy material damage.



The Palestine Red Crescent Society (PRCS) said on X that it transported the bodies of 16 people, including women and children, recovered from the wreckage of a residential home that was hit by Israeli bombs.

Saleem Abu Rass, PRCS relief coordinator, said that Israeli military tanks have raided the yard of al-Amal Hospital and ordered people to evacuate the place immediately: “The situation is extremely difficult. People are really afraid. There is nowhere to go,” he said on his Instagram account. “The shelling has not stopped since the morning. And Israeli forces have burned down tents for the displaced that were erected previously in the hospital’s backyard.”

Israeli soldiers Israeli forces, disguised as civilians and medical workers, killed three Palestinians in Ibn Sina hospital in Jenin, claiming they were members of an armed group planning an attack.

.2 Political and Humanitarian Repercussions

UN bodies and human rights organizations have expressed deep concern over the “rapidly deteriorating humanitarian situation in Gaza, where Israel has continued to carry out heavy bombardment and prevent access to humanitarian assistance.

Palestinian FM Riyad al-Maliki has decried the mounting death toll and mass destruction in Gaza, as he appeared to dismiss Israeli accusations of anti-Semitism against critics of the war.

“The faith of the perpetrators is irrelevant. The faith of the victims is irrelevant,” he told the UN Security Council. “What matters only are the countless innocent lives destroyed and the violent shattering of the laws enacted post-World War II to preserve humanity”.



Al-Maliki added while most of the world is demanding a ceasefire, Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu is driven by “his own political survival at the expense of the survival of millions of Palestinians under Israel’s illegal occupation and peace and security for all.”

UN official Martin Griffiths cited reports from the UN humanitarian office (OCHA) about deadly attacks and heavy bombardment in the southern Gaza city of Khan Younis: “A warehouse was hit, killing two people and cutting off access to humanitarian supplies and to critical water and sanitation equipment,” Griffiths said in a statement. “Six people were killed in Khan Younis Training Centre” where families go to receive aid. He added that medics are working at Nasser Hospital “while debris is falling on their heads.”

Francesca Albanese, the UN special rapporteur on Palestine, goes beyond the UN relief chief Martin Griffiths, who had described as “callous” bombing people in southern Gaza without giving them enough time to flee: “Ordering trapped people to evacuate and bombing them before they can even do so is callous, yes, and it is also a serious international crime, punishable under the Rome Statute of the [International Criminal Court],” Albanese wrote in a social media post.



Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus has offered his condolences to those killed after Israeli tanks shelled a facility run by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) and sheltering displaced Palestinians in Gaza. Tedros, head of the World Health Organization (WHO), lamented the “horrendous” heavy bombardment of Khan Younis: “The ongoing heavy bombardment, evacuation orders and killing of civilians in Khan Younis, Gaza is just horrendous,” he said in a social media post. Agnes Callamard, the secretary general of Amnesty International, has called UNRWA funding cuts by a number of western countries, including the US and Canada, a “heartless decision” by some of the world’s richest countries “to punish the most vulnerable population on earth because of the alleged crimes of 12 people .”

While Western nations, including the US, rushed to suspend UNRWA's funding after allegations that members of the agency participated in the October 7 attacks, the same countries have failed to formally revise their ties with Israel despite mounting reports of abuse by Israeli forces.

Sigrid Kaag, the UN's coordinator for Gaza aid, has said that UNRWA cannot be "replaced" and that the agency remains indispensable in Gaza. Israel has railed against the agency for years and has recently called for it to be replaced over allegations that 12 employees took part in the October 7 attack.

"There is no way that any organization can replace or substitute [the] tremendous capacity, the fabric of UNRWA – [their] ability and their knowledge of the population in Gaza," Kaag said on Tuesday.

A Mercy Corps member in Gaza, said the situation in the north is "very difficult" and some people haven't had a piece of bread for more than a month. In his update regarding the scarcity of food, the NGO's member said that many are limited to just one meal a day, typically consisting of rice. There are no vegetables available; "I haven't seen tomatoes, cucumbers, or potatoes for about 90 days. If something is available, you cannot afford to buy it. A bag of flour, previously priced at 35 shekels (\$9.56) is now 600 shekels (\$164). The cost of rice, once 6 shekels (\$1.64) per kilo, is now 17 shekels (\$4.64). This is the same for all items.

Instead, you must wait for aid trucks in a place near the tanks to find something to eat. Every day people go hoping to get some assistance and tanks shoot at them, resulting in casualties. Personally, from the beginning of the war until today, my family hasn't received any kind of assistance. We now eat only once a day and say it's enough. Most people are not getting any assistance either because they are not willing to risk going to places where there's a high chance of being targeted or because they cannot compete with so many people trying to get aid".

Biden, a staunch supporter of Israel, has been increasingly facing anger and demonstrations as he campaigns for another term in the White House. Earlier this month, protesters interrupted his speech at a church in South Carolina with chants of “ceasefire now”. Several protesters shouted, “Shame on you”, and held signs that read, “Genocide Joe”, as the US president arrived at a campaign event in Manassas, Virginia, according to a White House pool report. The protesters also chanted, “Hey Hey, Ho Ho, Genocide Joe”.

A handful of Democratic lawmakers in the US House of Representatives have asked the Government Accountability Office (GAO), a nonpartisan research agency, to conduct a review of whether US arms transfers to Israel are violating US and international law.

In a press release, Palestinian-American Representative Rashida Tlaib said that she had sent a letter to President Biden and the GAO along with four other lawmakers. The statement notes that on January 5, the administration said it had not conducted any formal review of Israel’s compliance with international law during its assault on Gaza.

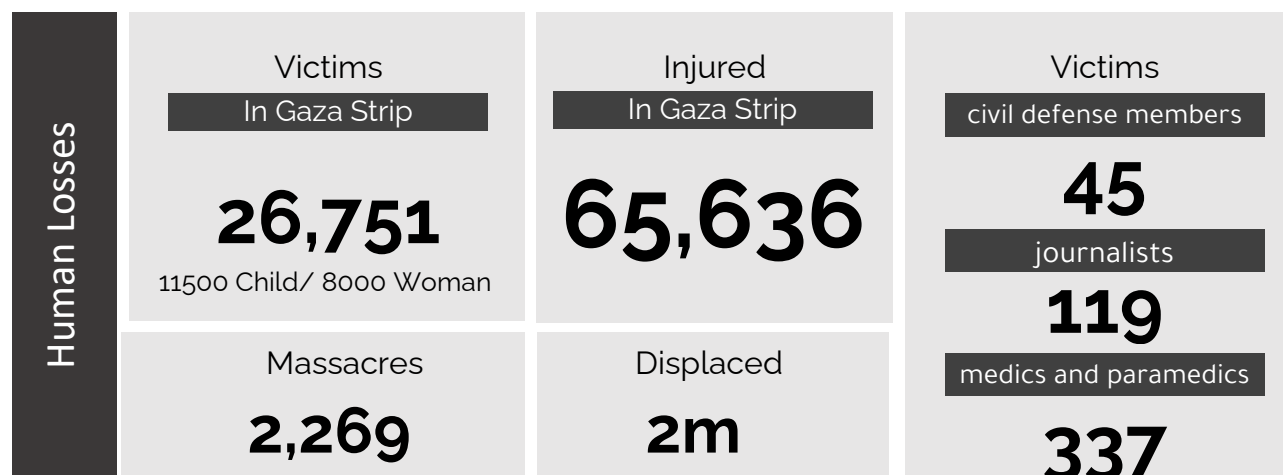
“We write today regarding your Administration’s ongoing weapons transfers to the Israeli government despite considerable evidence that these transfers are flagrantly violating American and international law and being used in the commission of war crimes,” the letter to Biden reads.

Despite the mass destruction and killing of more than 25,000 Palestinians, the Biden administration has vehemently opposed a ceasefire, arguing that the war must go on until Israel destroys Hamas - a goal that many experts say may not be achievable militarily.

3. Humanitarian Loss and Material Damage

As escalating violence in Gaza continues for a fourth month, Gaza has descended into one of the world's most severe humanitarian and health crises. Over 26,751 people have been killed, of which 70% have been women (nearly 8,000) and children (nearly 11,500). Over 65,636 people have sustained injuries and nearly 7,000 have been missing under rubble piles.

Israeli army committed more than 2,269 massacres across the Gaza Strip. The list of victims includes 337 medics and paramedics, 45 civil defense members, and 119 journalists. Nearly 2 million people have become internally displaced. Families are forced to move repeatedly in search of safety. Following intense Israeli bombardments and fighting in Khan Younis and the Middle Areas in recent days, a significant number of displaced people have moved again further south.



More than 30 hospitals and 53 health centers on the Strip have been out of service. Over 150 healthcare facilities have been targeted by Israeli military. Israeli forces also targeted and destroyed 122 ambulances.

More than 10 children per day, on average, have lost one or both of their legs in Gaza since conflict erupted three months ago. Since 7 October, more than 1,000 children have had one or both legs amputated, according to UNICEF. Many of these operations on children were done without anaesthetic, with the healthcare system in Gaza crippled by the conflict, and major shortages of doctors and nurses, and medical supplies like anaesthesia and antibiotics, according to the World Health Organization (WHO).

Disrupted routine vaccination activities, as well as a lack of medicines for treating communicable diseases, are further raising the risk of diseases spreading. Many people who lack access to health facilities may be going undiagnosed, indicating that the situation could be more severe than it appears. Routine surveillance systems are not currently functioning, hampering effective detection, analysis, and response to public health threats.

More than 400,000 of communicable diseases, 8,000 cases of hepatitis, and 10,000 cases of cancer have been reported since Oct. 7. More than 60,000 pregnant women are left without life-saving medical care and 350,000 patients with chronic diseases have been left without medicines due to protracted displacement .

Material Losses

Destroyed residential Units

70000

Completely Destroyed
295,000 units have been
partially damaged

Mosques

161

Churches

3

Completely Destroyed

Medical Sector

30

Hospitals
out of Services

53

Health Center
out of Services

122

Ambulance
out of Services

government offices

140

Educational Facilities

99

Israeli air and ground onslaughts totally destroyed 140 government facilities along with 99 schools and universities while partially damaging 295 schools and universities. 161 mosques and three churches were razed to the ground while 253 others sustained massive damage.

Nearly 70,000 housing units have been completely razed to the ground; 295,000 units have been partially damaged and made uninhabitable. Israeli attacks destroyed 200 historical sites. Israeli forces dropped more than 66,000 tons of explosives on the Gaza Strip.

An analysis by the BBC has found that at least half of the buildings in Gaza have been destroyed or damaged as Israel continues its assault on the strip, one of the most destructive in modern history.

"Satellite data analysis obtained by the BBC shows the true extent of the destruction," the story reads. "The analysis suggests between 144,000 and 175,000 buildings across the whole Gaza Strip have been damaged or destroyed. That's between 50 percent and 61 percent of Gaza's buildings".

"We've done work over Ukraine, we've also looked at Aleppo and other cities, but the extent and the pace of damage is remarkable," said Corey Scher of City University of New York, who helped put together the analysis. "I've never seen this much damage appear so quickly".

At least 381 Palestinians have been killed in Israeli military raids across the West Bank since Oct. 7. Up to 4,300 people have been wounded and 6,000 arrested . Israeli army incursions have led to the displacement of 2,770 Palestinians from their homes and the demolition of 488 structures.

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